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LAND ADMINISTRATION PRACTICES IN TANZANIA

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LAND ADMINISTRATION PRACTICES IN TANZANIA:
A performance study of Land Administration
Practices in the Regional Land Office Mtwara.

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Land administration is the first Profession and obligation given to the Human race (Genesis-2:15-the gain Eden to tend and keep it....,). Therefore Land administration is established to manage the people-to-lar relationship.

The Value of Land was first noticed in the Machpelah farm Gen. 23:16 – Abraham agreed to Ephron's terms and wei for him the price he had named in the hearing of the Hittites: four hundred shekels of silver).

Genesis

Jeremiah 32:9-12 (...formalizing and documentation...)

9And I bought the field of Hanameel my uncle's son, that was in Anathoth, and we him the money, even seventeen shekels of silver. 10 And I subscribed the evidence sealed it, and took witnesses, and weighed him the money in the balances. 11 So I the evidence of the purchase, both that which was sealed according to the law custom, and that which was open: 12 And I gave the evidence of the purchase u Baruch the son of Neriah, the son of Maaseiah, in the sight of Hanameel mine un son, and in the presence of the witnesses that subscribed the book of the purchase u before all the Jews that sat in the court of the prison.

Under Islamic theory, the role of the State is to supervise land, which ultimately belongs to God, benefit of the community. The State is mandated to administer land, efficiently and fairly, i accordance with God's laws and ethical and moral principles



Land administration is the first Profession given to the Human race (Genesis-2:15- the garden of Eden to tend and the Value came in the Machpela farm 2Gen. 3:13). Land administration is established to manage the people-to relationship.

Land is the basis of all wealth, social status, power, shelter, food, and livelihoods to mankind (FAO,

The importance of land and its administration is recognized globally, and this is embedded in the United Nations S

It is believed that 11 out of 17 sustainable development goals have a relation with the land component. This gir guidelines to United Nations member states that practising efficient land administration leads to a sustainable CONSTITUTION: The Ecuadorian government updated its constitution in 2008 with a part the establishment of a national cadaster with an ambitious strategy to implement this in a period of 4-5 years

Genesis, Definitions and Key features

Social and economic benefits from good land administration is continuously repeated by policymakers of developed countries as an important element for the wellbeing of their citizens.

Examples of those benefits are: registere ownership enables easier access to loans credits that are leading to economic developm proper land use mapping/registration lead improved urban/rural planning and better que of living

However, it is believed that 70% of the land in developing countries is unregistered. (Dimo Todorovski 1,*, F Salazar 2 and Ginella Jacome – ITC-University Twente)

Intro....

Are we the late to know?



"The root of world poverty lies in the rural areas. Urban poverty is more obvious – the slums and degradation of some towns in developing countries force themselves upon the notice of the richest citizen and upon the most casual visitor. But the bulk of the slum inhabitants and the beggars on our streets have migrated to towns because they are pushed out of the rural areas by landlessness, joblessness and hopelessness. It is therefore in the rural areas that we can most effectively tackle the long-term problems of urban poverty. Trying to deal with mass poverty by improving conditions and providing work in the towns simply attracts more and more people from the depressed rural areas". - year 1979

FAO World Conference on Agrarian Reform and Rural Development, held in Rome on July 13, 1979 That is - Land, Investment, Employment, GDP, Income - Wealthy creation Year 2020s by Cap 113

2. METHODOLOGY

Site Visits,
Learning Journey
and Data
collection

Land administration practices (Planning, Survey, Allocation and Registration) from the case study area were purposefully selected. The infringements and disadvantages in the past and the current good infrastructure and investments are among the facts considered to assess the land administration

Oral Interviews and structured questions were used to assess the qualitative and quantitative performance of the Land Administration practices in the Mtwara Region after the establishment of the Regional Office in 2020.

1-ACL was interviewed

1 staff was interviewed

Professional skills and experience issues were addressed to assess the management capacity of the office bearer especially experience in land administration from other areas

3. PISCUSSICIN — Land Administration

"the process of determining, recording, and dissemination information about the tent value, and use of land when implementing land management policies" -1

"land administration is the process of regulating land and property development and the and conservation of the land; the gathering of revenues from the land through sales, leasing taxation; and resolving conflicts concerning ownership and use of land" -2

Land Administration in Globalised World

In this regard "fit-forpurpose land administration" is emerging as an acceptable concept (Fit-for-Purpose Land Administration: Guiding Principles for Country Implementation; UNHABITAT: Nairobi, Kenya, 2016)

Land administration is a function that is the responsibility of municipalities. Municipalities are implementing land administration, mainly focusing on the property tax register, which is helping them with collecting property taxes.

Implementing land administra like this brings more benefit to municipalities and government rather than to the citizens, who not fully perceive economic a social benefit from this state function. In many cases, the property tax represents 80% of the budget of the municipalities.

4. FIINDIINGS

Budget in 2019/2020, to 2022/2023

Financial year	Total budget
2019/2020	429,440,000
2020/2021	470,000,000
2021/2022	470,000,000
2022/2023	583,200,000

Land administration practices areas - Planning, Survey, Allocation and Registration hence reflect the budget and revenue

Table showing number of CROs and CCROs issued by the Zonal Office

	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020
CROs	1,967	1,756	3,761
CCROs	1,354	1,304	779

Table showing number of CROs and CCROs issued by the regional office

	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023
CROs	1,167	1,221	440 (As of 30th Day of Nov 2022)
CCROs	1,985	2,141	405 (As of 30 th Day of Nov 2022)

SIGNIFICANCE

Improving tenure

Easy Land administration

Increase and expand revenue



4. FINDINGS

Gross Revenue; Zonal Office vs Regional Office

Table showing revenue collections for zonal office

Year	Target	Collections
2017/2018	7,860,000,000	4,689,524,005
2018/2019	8,500,000,000	5,177,964,352
2019/2020	7,000,000,000	7,795,874,607

Table showing revenue collection for regional offices

Year	Target	Collections
2020/2021	2,833,673,058	5,161,991,422.02
2021/2022	6,000,000,000	4,953,061,852.37
2022/2023	5,000,000,000	3,970,438,222.10 (As of
		30 th of November 2022)

5. Professionals View & Recommendations

Land Administration
should be geared to
trigger
CONSERVATION/INVEST
MENTS in land resources
that add VALUE for its use
in a SUSTAINABLE

manner

Land Administration is the process of identifying interests on land, formalizin and regulating those interests for the sake of ensuring investment an conservation of its resources to the HABU for sustainable socio-economic development.



